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Magazine of the

Jefferson County Historical Society

Volume VIII
December, 1942

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Magazine of the

JEFFERSON COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY



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JEFFERSON COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Organized May 21, 1927

OFFICERS

President—A. D. Kenamond, Shepherdstown, W. Va.
Vice-President—Wright Denny, Charles Town, W. Va.
Recording Secretary—Henry T. McDonald, Harpers Ferry, W. Va.
Corresponding Secretary—Ella May Turner, Shepherdstown, W. Va.
Treasurer—Jessie Trotter, Shepherdstown, W. Va.
Curator—Carrie B. Wilson, Charles Town, W. Va.
Directors—Sallie Lee Powell, Shepherdstown; Susan Gregg Gibson, Charles Town; W. F. Alexander, Charles Town (Died November 1, 1941); J. Burns Huyett, Charles Town; James Ranson, Harpers Ferry; Mary T. Howell, Charles Town.

ADDRESSES

(Delivered before the Society during 1941)

February 7—At Shepherdstown. Book Reviews: Douglas, I Rode with Stonewall, by Dr. Ruth Scarborough; Drake and Orndorff From Mill Wheel to Ploughshare, by Miss Ella May Turner; and Turner, Stories and Verse of West Virginia, by Miss Rachel Snyder.
May 23—At Charles Town. Old Houses of the Leetown Neighborhood, by Miss Linnie Schley and Mrs. Anna W. Schley.
August 1—At Charles Town. Comments on the Writing of His Book, A History of Jefferson County, by Dr. Millard K. Bushong.
November 7—At Charles Town. Two Famous Springs of Eastern West Virginia, by Mr. Thomas Marshall Hunter.

THE WYNCOOP, MORGAN, SELBY, HAMTRAMCK FAMILIES

(By Miss Helen B. Pendleton)

(Read before the Society May 16, 1930)

As one turns into the main street of Shepherdstown from the railway station, a charming old house meets the eye. Set close to the street, with well-preserved colonial doors and windows, a harmonious front portico, the very bricks themselves in color and shape tell of ancient lineage. Mrs. George Billmyer lives in this commodious and beautifully preserved old house, and six generations of her kindred have lived there. Some account of these ancestors follows, but we shall begin with the earliest known owners of the house as far back as 1781, when we know that it was the most fashionable and best hotel in Shepherdstown.

The place, which consisted of parts of two lots, then belonged to Cornelius Wynkoop, who sold, according to an old deed, "the brick house generally occupied as a tavern," to Rawleigh Morgan, February 27th, 1800. This shows that the present house was standing one hundred and thirty years ago, for it is not likely that a smaller one would have brought the good price that it brought then—three thousand dollars. These were the days that prompted the witticism that Washington could throw a dollar across the Potomac "because a dollar went further in those days," and three thousand dollars represented a good deal of money. Cornelius Wynkoop had bought the house and the two lots from Peter Woltz and Elizabeth, his wife, and from Philip Fisher and Sarah, his wife, in 1781 and 1792, respectively. As yet we have no exact data to prove when the house was built, but some future research might discover this by diligent looking over old deeds and papers.

The Wynkoop Family

The German element in the settlement of the Valley of Virginia is beginning to receive proper attention from historians, but that there was a notable, though small, migration of Hollanders has been somewhat overlooked. Even Joost Heydt,

whose name was afterwards phonetically spelled Jost Hite, has been said to have been a German and Alsatian, when his name would refute such a paternity, though of course he may have emigrated from one of those countries. And it seems certain that a Hollander was, if not the first, certainly among the first to penetrate into the Valley, for John VanMeter, "The Indian Trader," was of Dutch parentage. The use of the word "Van" in this county as a Christian name, too, would indicate that there were Dutch families in the Valley, i. e., Van Banks and Van Harp, etc. Among them was the Wynkoop family, with numerous descendants in Pennsylvania and Virginia today. Their first American ancestor was a certain Cornelius Wynkoop, who is said to have migrated from Utrecht, in the United Dutch Netherlands, to New York, prior to 1655, thence to Albany, and finally to the vicinity of Kingston, N. Y. His wife was Marie Janse Langedyck, and they had seven children, five of them sons, whose numerous descendants in Pennsylvania and Virginia are collected and classified in a book published in 1904 by Richard Wynkoop, of Brooklyn, N. Y. (Knickerbocker Press). It is a carefully compiled piece of social research, and an interesting record of Dutch immigrants, showing that the Wynkoops intermarried with families who bear the most familiar Dutch names, viz: Ten Broeck, Ten Eyck, Brouwer, Broeck, DeWitt, Van Vliet, Beekman, Bogardus, etc. The famous Anneke Janse (Bogardus), whose numerous descendants gave the Trustees of Trinity Church so much trouble with the claim to the ground upon which the church is built, has descendants of this family name.

The first Cornelius Wynkoop had a son, Gerrit. This name is pronounced in Dutch Garret, and time has gradually changed the spelling to Garret. Geert was also a variant of this name, pronounced Gart, like the a in fate. Garret Wynkoop married Hillitke (Helena) Fokker, who went by her stepfather's name Eltinge, and he had so far prospered by the year 1727 that he bought 500 acres of land in Bucks County, Pa., where a large number of his descendants live to this day. This couple had nine children. One daughter married Isaac VanMetre and moved to the South Branch of the Potomac in Virginia, and a son is believed to have married Sarah DuBois. This con-

nection is an interesting one, since the wife of the first Thomas Shepherd was Elizabeth VanMetre, whose mother was a DuBois, both families having come from Kingston, N. Y. So there was probably some acquaintance among these families before they set out to explore and settle in the Valley. Gerrit Wynkoop had a son Gerrit, born 2nd of November, 1702, who married Susannah VanVliet, and this brings us to the Virginia Wynkoops, for their son Adrian Wynkoop and his wife, Sarah Randall, came on horseback from Pennsylvania during the Revolutionary War and settled near what is now the dividing line between Berkeley and Jefferson counties on the Martinsburg road. He was taxed for 377 acres. Part of the original house in which he lived is still standing and the farm is now owned by Mr. Cross. Their son Garret Wynkoop and his wife, Sarah Martin, were the grandparents of the late Mr. Adrian Wynkoop, of Charles Town, where his widow now lives. They were the parents of Mrs. Llewellyn Potts, of Shepherdstown, Mr. Adrian Wynkoop and Mr. Brooks Wynkoop, of New York, Mrs. John Lucas, of California, and Mr. Francis Wynkoop, of Denver.

We now turn back to Cornelius Wynkoop, who owned the "tavern" of which we write. He was apparently well-to-do, for he owned three houses in Shepherdstown at the time he lived in this old house, and we learn that he paid a premium for $3,000 insurance on his houses when the first fire insurance company of Virginia was organized. His name appears as early as 1785 in old Rumsey papers in the writer's possession. He was a shareholder in the "Potowmack Company," of which George Washington was president. This was the company which engaged James Rumsey to superintend the removal of obstructions to navigation in the Potomac, and Wynkoop was apparently interested in Rumsey's invention, for he, with Moses Hoge, John Mark, Benoni Swearingen, John Morrow and Joseph Swearingen attested on December 13, 1787, to "The experiment made by Mr. James Rumsey with his steamboat on Potomac River on Tuesday, the 11th day of December, 1787. It was with great pleasure we saw her advance against the current with about three tons on board, at the rate of four miles an hour, without an oar, or anything but the force of steam to generate or assist the motion." The Wynkoop genealogy states

that this Wynkoop was said to have removed to Loudoun county, and the compiler thinks that he was a first cousin of the Adrian Wynkoop mentioned heretofore. Other members of the Wynkoop family were friends of Rumsey, for a Benjamin Wynkoop, of Philadelphia, was a member of the Rumseian Society formed in Philadelphia in 1788 to help Rumsey in his stay in England. Benjamin Wynkoop and Joseph Wynkoop were also witnesses to Rumsey's will, which he made just before he left this country.

Members of another branch of this family were interested in John Fitch's invention of a steamboat, and apparently Rumsey was much displeased that his rival should engage the endorsement of cousins of his friends. This brings us to a visitor to the old house known as the Wynkoop tavern.

John Fitch's Visit to Shepherdstown

A recent researcher has spoiled the romance tradition wove about the Billmyer house by showing that it was not built to its present size till 1792 and a smaller structure stood in its place when John Fitch arrived in 1789 to make inquiries about James Rumsey's steam boat, and, perhaps, get a glimpse of it. We know that Fitch did come to Shepherdstown for that purpose (Rumsey was far away in England) and that he went to this "tavern," where he met Charles Morrow, Rumsey's brother-in-law, who treated Fitch with scant courtesy, so that Fitch evidently feared that he would meet with personal violence, and the inquisitive inventor thought it wise to shorten his stay. Whether he got a chance to look at Rumsey's boat is not known. A legend grew up from this incident that indignant citizens threatened Fitch with tar and feathers and that they were prevented by Major Henry Bedinger, but it rests upon no other foundation than the above incident.

The Old Deed

Part of the old deed reads as follows:

"This indenture, made this 27th of February, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred between Cornelius Wynkoop and Hannah, his wife, of the County of Berkeley, and State of Virginia, of the one part, and Rawleigh Morgan

of the same place of the other part, witnesseth, that for and in consideration of the sum of three thousand dollars, they do hereby acknowledge, and thereof do release, acquit, and discharge the said Rawleigh Morgan, his heirs, Executors and Administrators, by these presents, they, the said Cornelius Wynkoop and Hannah, his wife, have granted, bargained and sold, and by these presents do grant, bargain and sell, unto the said Rawleigh Morgan and his heirs, a certain lot or parcel of land situated on German Street in Shepherd's Town, on which the brick house stands generally occupied as a tavern, which said lot or parcel of land is bounded as follows: Beginning on German Street in the middle of lot No. 27 and running thence with German Street eighty-five feet ten inches to another corner in Lot No. 26, thence at right angles with said German Street two hundred and six feet to the beginning; which said lot or parcel of land, hereby intended to be conveyed, is composed of one half of lot No. 27 purchased by Cornelius Wynkoop from Peter Woltz and Elizabeth his wife, by deed bearing date the 20th of March, 1781, and of one-third part of lot No. 26, purchased by said Cornelius Wynkoop from Philip Fisher and Sarah, his wife, by deed bearing date the 20th day of February, 1792, both which deeds are duly admitted of record in the county court of Berkeley, reference being thereto had will more fully appear, &c. Signed, Sealed and Deliveeed In Presence of

Cornelius Wynkoop
Hannah Wynkoop
(Seal)

Geo. Cunningham,
Zebulon Warner,
A Wagennen, Jr.

Absence of Early Records Concerning the Valley Pioneers

Far away from the sea where ships carried letters back and forth to their native land these early colonists were more cut off from civilization than the settlers in Tidewater, Virginia, Manhattan and Philadelphia and other parts of Pennsylvania. Their lives of hard struggles with nature, wild beasts and Indians precluded any possibility of the leisure that makes for his-

torical recording. Consequently, we have a great deal of mere legend unsupported by real evidence. There are, however, several important studies which should be in the collections of the Historical Society, and I hope they will soon be there if they are not already.

Of one noted family in the Valley we have very meager records. The name Morgan itself indicates Welsh parentage, and the most famous general in the Revolutionary army of this pioneer region bore that name. Mrs. Anne Morgan Getzendanner says that he was a nephew of the first Morgan who settled in Shepherdstown and came with him from New Jersey. In Mrs. Dandridge's book, "Historic Shepherdstown," appears all that I can learn about this early pioneer family.

A "A Rawleigh Morgan" Residence

While the German and Dutch settlers were undoubtedly the first to make homes in the Valley, they were soon overshadowed by the English-speaking people who took up lands and proceeded to make it legally an English colony. Among the earliest of these was Richard Morgan, of Welsh parentage, who came from New Jersey to Virginia about 1734. The little log house which is pointed out as his first residence is still standing, and should be preserved as one of the oldest houses in the Valley and as a typical pioneer home. There is no proof that it is the oldest house in the village. I doubt whether any house can be proved to have that honor.

Richard Morgan, however, did not live in it very long, for his will, proved in 1763, shows that he was a large land owner, and as his will states that he leaves his youngest son his "home plantation," we know that he must have lived at the beautiful place near town where descendants of his lived for generations. I refer to the home of the late Col. William A. Morgan, which is now owned by Dr. Morison.

Richard Morgan's grandson, the Raleigh (spelled Rawleigh in old deeds) who bought the old house in 1800, must have been well-to-do, for, as we have noted before, he paid three thousand dollars for the house. He was the son of Richard Morgan's oldest son, Captain William Morgan, whose wife was Drusilla Swearingen according to "Historic Shepherdstown."

In the deed his wife is named Elizabeth, and we judge from this that she was his second wife, for earlier deeds in the possession of Mrs. Billmyer give his wife's name as Lydia, and it is known that he married a Lydia Swearingen. Mrs. Billmyer thinks that his second wife's name was Elizabeth Claggett.

In "Historic Shepherdstown" we are told that there were two "Rawleigh" Morgans, one a nephew of the other. One of them was elected Lieutenant in the company raised by Capt. Abram Shepherd for the Revolutionary army, and there is a thrilling story of how a Raleigh Morgan was bravely rescued from Indian massacre at the time of St. Clair's defeat by James Glenn on November 4, 1791. It must have been the elder Rawleigh Morgan who bought the house from Cornelius Wynkoop.

A Raleigh Morgan represented Jefferson county on the House of Delegates in 1811. The widow of this Raleigh Morgan outlived her husband for many years. She was a Miss Richards, and lived in the house where Mr. Armistead Lucas now lives. She was a lively and handsome dame and wore a turban in the style of Dolly Madison to the day of her death. Her granddaughters, the Misses Parran, were noted for their beauty.

It should be possible by further research to find out the exact facts concerning the identity of these two Raleigh Morgans and their connection. Documentary evidence, however, shows that Eleanor Morgan, daughter of the Raleigh Morgan who bought the Wynkoop house, married Walter Bowie Selby, who in turn bought the house from his father-in-law.

The Selby Family

In the year 1795 a young man named Walter Bowie Selby was keeping a store of general merchandise in Shepherdstown in the building which used to be on the site of the present Reinhart building. His account book owned by his descendants shows that he had a lucrative business. (At one time he sold a "Dutch Oven" to Mr. Adrian Winecoop for 12 shillings, 10 pence). This Walter Bowie Selby was born April 20th, 1771, and is said to have come from Maryland, place and date unknown. His middle name, well known as a Maryland surname,

would seem to corroborate this. Eleanor Morgan, daughter of Raleigh Morgan, was born January 17th, 1782, but the date of her marriage to Walter Bowie Selby is unknown to the writer. The list of their children as is follows:

William Morgan Selby, born February 7th, 1799.
Walter Bowie Selby, Jr., born April 24th, 1801.
Thomas Swearingen Selby, born May 24th, 1803.
Eliza Claggett Selby, born September 2nd, 1805.
John Claggett Selby, born February 17th, 1808.
Eleanor Morgan Selby, born September 8th, 1810.
Sarah Ellen Selby, born May 15th, 1812.
Henry Swearingen Selby, born November 25th, 1814.
James Monroe Selby, born June 28th, 1817.

These Selbys were closely related to the Swearingens who lived at Bellevue and some of them are buried there. There are persons now living who remember the two younger members of this family. Sarah Ellen Selby lived a long life in this house. She was the third wife of Col. Francis Hamtramck, whose second wife was her older sister, Eliza Claggett Selby. She was a delicate little old lady, who was always swathed in shawls for fear of taking cold, and was noted for entreating her friends to beware of wet feet because "Miss Sally Welshans was found dead in her bed!" (Can anyone now living tell us who Miss Sally Welshans was?)

Then there was old Mr. Henry Swearingen Selby who lived over eighty-four years in the house without ever spending one night away from it! At the time of John Brown's trial he went to Charles Town, but walked back home that night. How many of us can remember this old man, stout and heavy-eyed, sitting day by day, rain or shine, on the street corner, then called "Harris' Corner," but where the Jefferson Security Bank blots out all but a memory.

So much for the Selby occupancy of the old house—but the most interesting personage who ever lived in it is yet to be mentioned.

The Hamtramck Family

Many Canadian supporters joined the American forces during the Revolution, and among them was a young man,

John Francis Hamtramck, son of Charles David Hamtramck and Marie Ann Bertin, who were married in Quebec November 26, 1753. This Charles David Hamtramck was the son of David Hamtramck and Adele Ganik, of Luxembourg, Diocese of Treves, Germany.

The first John Francis Hamtramck, who was the father of the Shepherdstown citizen, became a "soldier before he was a man," it was said. He was famous in the regions near the Northwestern posts around Detroit during the Revolution and afterwards. He was Captain in the 9th Company, Fifth Regiment of New York, and after the war was appointed Captain in the U. S. Infantry Regiment, rising steadily until he became Major and Commandant of Fort Wayne in 1792. Then his regiment resuming its old designation, he was Lieutenant-Colonel until he became full Colonel in 1802. One of his most noted actions was to take possession of Detroit when word was received that the British were about to evacuate the posts they held in the United States. The town of Hamtramck in Michigan is named after him. He married a Miss McKenzie, sister of Sir William McKenzie, and also a sister of the wife of Governor Taylor of Ohio.

His son, John Francis Hamtramck, was born April 19, 1798. He was only five years old when his father died and he was placed under the guardianship of William Henry Harrison of Tippecanoe fame and brief presidential honor.

So the boy grew up in the atmosphere of war, and it is said that he served as a sergeant in Zachary Taylor's expedition up the Mississippi river in 1814. Later he entered West Point and graduated in 1819. From 1826 to 1831 he was Indian Agent for the Osage Nation. About the year 1825 he came to a ball in Shepherdstown, given in the old house whose history we are relating, and then and there fell in love with Eliza Claggett Selby, the oldest daughter of Walter Bowie Selby, and married her December 27, 1825. He was a young widower at the time, having two small daughters, Julia and Mary by name, by his first wife, who was a Miss Williamson, of Maryland. After his marriage to Miss Selby he and his wife lived in St. Louis, where two of their children were born, but in 1832 they returned to Shepherdstown, which was thereafter their home.

They had six children, but only two by this second wife grew to maturity. His second wife dying, he married her sister, the Sarah Ellen Selby mentioned before. Their son, Selby Hamtramck, was in the Civil War and died a prisoner in Fort Delaware. The second wife's daughters, Florence and Eliza, well remembered by all the older generation in Shepherdstown, made the old house a pleasant and hospitable place in their day. Florence inherited the house. She married Mr. James Harvey Shepherd, of New Orleans and Shepherdstown, and the present owner is her daughter.

Eliza Hamtramck married Mr. Luke Tiernan Williamson of Baltimore and had two daughters. John Francis Hamtramck apparently had ample means. He owned several houses in Shepherdstown. One of them was the house now owned by Mr. Homer Malone. The family probably lived there until Walter Bowie Selby died, when they moved into the old house.

When the Mexican war started, John F. Hamtramck became a soldier again in earnest—he was already the Captain of the County Militia, the Hamtramck Guards. In 1842 he was Colonel of the famous Virginia Regiment which has recently been celebrating its various military glories in Richmond. From March 8th, to July 20, 1848, he was Military Governor of Saltillo, Mexico. When he returned from Mexico he brought a Mexican pony for his children and he introduced the tomato to this county. Tomatoes were, as we know, called "Love Apples" at first and looked upon as a luxury. A rare, dark, velvety rose which people have admired and propagated since, he also brought back with him from his Southern travels. He was mayor of the village from 1850 to 1854 and Justice of the Peace from 1853 until his death in 1858. He must have been a gay and amusing gentleman. Stories were told of his wit and humor long after his death. The Mexican pony was once borrowed by the Methodist minister, which resulted in the cleric's being tossed off the pony's back in a very jerky manner indeed. And when Major Hamtramck was reproached by the minister for the animal's antics, he replied: "At least, Sir, you must acknowledge that I have helped to spread the Gospel." Incidentally, his French Canadian ancestry probably accounts for the Major's being a Catholic. He was also a singer. The writer has

often heard an imitation of his favorite song, which he used to give with gusto, accompanying himself on the guitar to one of Moore's Melodies.

"Lesbia hath a beaming eye,
But no one knows for whom it beameth:
Right and left its arrows fly,
But what they aim at no one dreameth.
Sweeter 'tis to gaze upon
My Nora's lid that seldom rises;
Few its looks, but every one,
Like unexpected light surprises.
Oh, my Nora, Creina, dear,
My gentle, bashful Nora Creina,
Beauty lies
In many eyes,
But love in yours, my Nora Creina."

The gallant Major was also noted for political speeches, and certain peculiarities—or differences of speech were told of in after days. For instance he pronounced the words Pa and Ma in the manner of the French Canadians and like Southern Californians of French extraction. This called forth a cartoon by the writer's grandfather, who was a clever caricaturist, showing Major Hamtramck embracing William Henry Harrison with fervor, and underneath is written:

" 'Twas thus the Major seized Old Tip
And held him struggling in his grip,
Exclaiming with impassioned air,
'Fellow Citizens this is Pa-a!' "

We gather from this that he took the stump for his Guardian, whom he called "Pa-a," in the "Tippecanoe and Tyler, too" campaign. And in any collection which the Historical Society makes—as I hope it will do—of notable personages who lived in the county, mention should certainly be made of Col. John Francis Hamtramck.

After his death his widow lived on in the old house until her death, and then it became the property of Mrs. James H. Shepherd, whose granddaughter, Miss Elise Selby Billmyer, is probably the only young girl in Shepherdstown who is living

in a house where six generations of their family have lived successively.

A family which has moved only once or twice for a hundred and thirty years would be likely to have well-preserved and well-cared for old furniture, as well as interesting documents. Old pictures hang upon the walls, two certificates signed by George Washington. The old bell rope which summoned servants is still hanging in one of the rooms, but it no longer tingles as of yore, modern housekeeping ways making it only a relic.

A curious old paper is "Dowery," in which Col. Hamtramck's third wife is secured by her father in the possession of personal property, throws light upon the former legal attitude toward the property rights of women.

Dowery

This Indenture made this 28th day of November, 1837, between Walter B. Selby, of the first part, Sallie Selby of the second part, and John F. Hamtramck, of the third part, all of Shepherdstown, in Jefferson County, Virginia.

Whereas, the said Walter B. Selby some years since gave to his eldest daughter by way of advancement, sundry articles of furniture and other personal property, intending the residue of his household furniture for his youngest daughter, Sally, and having promised the same to her: Now this indenture witnesseth, that the said Walter B. Selby, in fulfillment of that promise and intention, and in consideration of the love and affection which he bears his said daughter Sally, the aforesaid party of the second part, and for the further consideration of the sum of one dollar to him in hand paid by the said John F. Hamtramck, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged—has granted, bargained and sold and by these presents does grant, bargain and sell unto the said John F. Hamtramck all the personal property contained in the annexed schedule, To Have and To Hold the same to the said John F. Hamtramck, his Executors, Adm's, and Assigns, to his and their only use and behoof forever. In Trust, however, for the following use and purposes, and none other—that is to say, to permit the said Sally Selby to have use, and enjoy and dispose of the same as

she may think proper and that he will, whenever required by said Sally Selby, by writing under her hand and seal attested by two witnesses, transfer the legal title to such person and to such uses as she may direct, but that she and she alone is to have any right to dispose of the same in the event of her marriage, it being the desire and intention of the said Walter B. Selby and the purpose of this trust is to give her the exclusive use and disposition of said property without the control and interference of any husband that said Sally may hereafter have, and the said John F. Hamtramck for himself, his executor and administrator hereby covenants well and faithfully to execute the trust created.

In testimony Whereof the said Walter B. Selby & John F. Hamtramck have hereunto set their hand & seal the day & year first herein written.

Walter B. Selby (Seal)
J. F. Hamtramck (Seal)

(N. B. The party of the second part, Sally Selby, being a woman, does not sign the paper.)

Schedule referred to in the annexed deed:

3 Feather beds, bolsters, pillows, blankets, House linen, complete.
1 Mahogany dressing Table.
1 Wardrobe.
2 Mahogany Bureaus and contents.
2 Doz. Green Chairs.
1 Green Settee.
2 High Post Bedsteads.
1 Acorn Bedstead.
2 Parlour Tables.
2 Dining Tables (Mahogany).
1 Breakfast Table (Mahogany).
2 Sideboards (Mahogany).

Tin Covers, etc.

1 cloack and passage Lamp.
1 Cloth table cover.
2 Straw Chamber Mats
1 Stair Carpet.
1 Candle Stand.

1 Pair of Parlour Andirons & 2 Pair of Shovel & Tongs.
2 large poplar Bureaus.
2 Parlour Fenders.
1 Chamber Fender
1 pr. of small brass andirons.
1 pr. plain brass shovels & tongs.
1 Cast Iron stove & pipe.
1 Sheet Iron Stove.
1 Family Bible.
1 cow.
1 sett handsome dinner china.
1 Doz. cut glass tumblers.
1 doz. cut glass wine glasses.
2 handsome knotted counterpanes.
1 Preserving Kettle.
1 Large Copper kettle for washing.
1 Mahogany Knifebox.
4 Brass Candlesticks.
1 Parlour Hearth Rug.
1 Book case and contents.
Kitchen Furniture complete.
1 Large Traveling Trunk.
2 Waiters or Tea Trays.
1 pr. Chamber shovel & tongs.
2 small chamber glasses.
1 Sleigh.
1 Gig and harness.
1 Horse.
1 Desk & Cookcase.

Jefferson County Sct.

We David Snively & John Quigley—two justices of the peace for the county aforesaid in the State of Virginia do hereby certify that Walter B. Selby and John F. Hamtramck parties to the annexed deed bearing date the 28th of November, 1837, personally appeared before us in our county aforesaid and acknowledged the same to be their act & deed & desired us to certify their said acknowledgement to the clerk of the County Court for the County of Jefferson in Virginia in order that the same may be recorded.

Given under our hand & seal, this fourth day of December, 1837.

David Snively (Seal)
John Quigley (Seal)

—o—

MORE ABOUT THE KEYES OF KEYES' FERRY

An account of Gersham Keyes and Keyes' Ferry appeared in Volume I of the Magazine of the Jefferson County Historical Society; and further mention of Keyes' Ferry, where a part of Braddock's army spent the night on their way from Alexandria, was made in Volume III. Now comes an additional item concerning Humphrey Keyes, son of Gersham.

The following is copied from "Geneálogy of the Keyes Family," by Asa Keyes: "Humphrey Keyes was a sea captain, married in New England, probably in Boston, Marcella Wade, had two sons, was wrecked off the coast of Turkey and taken captive by Algerines. He escaped and returned home after some years to find that his wife, supposing him dead, had married another, with whom she passed the remainder of her life. After her death, Capt. Humphrey married in Virginia, Sarah Hall, born in 1745, consequently ten years old at the time we first hear of Gersham Keyes at his ferry on the Shenandoah. Her three brothers were the founders of Halltown in Jefferson County, Virginia." And in "Notes on Jefferson County, Virginia, printed in Virginia in 1857, we find that "Sarah with her parents lived in a little dale near a fine orchard at the foot of the hill where Rion Hall now stands." The same record states that "Capt. Humphrey Keyes was proprietor of Keyes' Ferry in 1775. Capt. Humphrey died April 19, 1793, so says an old family record." Gersham Keyes came here first, was the father of the Humphrey above mentioned and the first owner of Keyes' Ferry.

CHARLES TOWN AND ITS NOTABLES

(Delivered by Hannah J. Howell before the Society, February 3, 1933)

Charles Town and Jefferson county have occupied a rather unique place in the history of the Valley of Virginia, as being the home of some of its most prominent statesmen, poets, musicians and literary men and women—and the courtesies of the county have been extended to quite a large number of celebrities from outside.

Beginning before the "War Between the States," "Shannondale Springs" were considered among the best medicinal waters in this part of the country. Howe's History of Virginia mentions this fact and gives the analysis of this water in its pages. Certainly one President of the United States stayed there—as in President Fillmore's time he and his cabinet were at Shannondale, and it was for that short time a temporary "Summer White House." Mrs. Southworth, the novelist, wrote one of her novels at Shannondale, and a New York Herald writer took pride in mentioning Dr. Bailey, editor of the National Era, and Appilonia Jazello, the Hungarian heroine, as Shannondale guests in that era.

Both Washington Irvin and Thackeray visited John Pendleton Kennedy at his home, "Cassilis," southwest of Charles Town.

Of Washington Irving's visit in 1853, a delightful account tells of a ride into Clarke county to visit the many historic homes there. Of his visit to "Greenway Court," the home of Lord Fairfax, now owned by Mr. Kennerly, a quotation says: "Washington Irving is much impressed by the beautiful old homes, and simply enchanted by the wonderful scenery, which kept him in continuous raptural exclamation." Irving was very curious to see some of the negro quarters on these farms, and is quoted as saying, "All the blacks seem so well off and happy and contented here," and he was continually laughing over what he termed Mrs. Harret Beecher Stowe's "sentimental grief over 'Uncle Tom'." These notes are taken from the Life of John Pendleton Kennedy by Henry T. Tuckerman.

"Harewood" is one of the oldest of the Washington homes in this county, built between 1763 and 1773. It has a

marble mantel which was a gift from the Marquis de LaFayette, who visited there. The wood panel work of the parlor and hall was imported from England. Harewood is still in the possession of the Washington family.

Other distinguished guests who visited Harewood in the old days were Louis Philippe and his brothers, Duc de Beaujolais and Duc de Montpensier. They crossed the mountains through Keyes' Gap, and the Shenandoah by Keyes' Ferry. Tradition says that on their way to Harewood they stopped overnight in Charles Town at the tavern, where the Citizens Fire Company now owns, and their servants stayed across the street where Mrs. Roderick's property now stands.

On the road to Harewood, on the right hand side of the road, is the ruin of Old St. George's Church, the first one of the Established Church of England in this section. It was built on the land of Mr. Nourse, who lived at "Piedmont," now owned by the Briscoes since 1780. But the original owner is said to have been Robert Worthington, who sold it to Nourse. The old church was abandoned after Zion Church was built in Charles Town. The ruins now belong to the Davenport family, who bought the land from the Briscoes.

On the southern edge of Charles Town is another Washington home, that of Charles Washington, for whom the town is named. In his time it was called "Happy Retreat," but when Judge Douglass bought the place and added to it, in later years, he named it "Mordington," which was the name of his ancestors' home in Scotland.

Bishop Meade, author of the famous "Old Churches and Families," stayed in Charles Town while collecting material from this section for his valuable historical work. This book was published in 1857, but some of his history dates back to 1632.

It is a matter of interest that four early Governors of Ohio formerly came from Charles Town and Jefferson county. Edwin Tiffin lived in the old Tomlinson house on Liberty street, now occupied by Mr. Turner Yates. Thomas Worthington lived at "Paradise," now torn down but formerly at the southwest corner of George and Liberty streets. Robert Lucas and Jeremiah Morrow lived in the county.

Other Washington homes were "Locust Hill," the home of the Packettes, whose mother was a Washington, and "Blakely," formerly the home of Colonel John Augustine Washington, who was killed early in the War Between the States, in the West Virginia campaign. Colonel R. P. Chew, who married one of Colonel Washington's daughters, named one of his guns in the famous Chew's Battery "The Little Blakely."

At the time of the John Brown raid, and later on at his trial, with the noted jurist, Judge Parker, on the bench, among the soldiers who were quartered in the basement of the old stone house at the northeast corner of Lawrence and Liberty streets was John Wilkes Booth.

During the War Between the States General Jackson and General Sheridan had a very important meeting to arrange some military affairs, on the porch of the old Rutherford house, now owned by Mr. Lyman Linson.

Many noted generals on both sides moved back and forth with their troops through the streets of Charles Town during this time, and the town was the scene of many skirmishes. With all their men in the Southern Army, many sacrifices were made by the women and children.

Jefferson county was the home of John Yates Beall (son of a prominent family and large landowners), who was killed by the Federal Army, who claimed he was a spy, although every effort was made to save him on account of his noble character.

Colonel Lawson Botts, who organized the "Botts Grays" and led them out from Charles Town, gave his life at the second battle of Manassas.

In later times still, many prominent statesmen spoke here on different occasions: Honorable John Randolph Tucker, General Fitzhugh Lee, General John B. Gordon, and others. Still later on we had John W. Davis, who had in his younger days been a tutor in the family of Major Edward McDonald, in this county. Mr. Davis' first wife was a daughter of Major McDonald, and their daughter, Julia Davis Adams, has written several very strong books in recent years.

In later years many prominent statemen were entertained in Charles Town at the home of our beloved statesman and Con-

gressman, William Lyne Wilson, later Postmaster-General. President Grover Cleveland attended Mr. Wilson's funeral, and after the funeral he held a very informal reception at our old landmark, known as the Carter House, now the site of the new Thomas Jefferson Hotel.

Time will now permit the mention of all of our prominent men who have left their impression in the different walks of life—ministers, lawyers and statesmen,—but I must mention Judge Daniel Bedington Lucas, a member of the Supreme Court of West Virginia, who was also one of our native poets. His sister, Miss Virginia Lucas, also published a volume of poems called "The Wreath of Eglantine and Other Poems." This talent also was shown in the second generation, for his daughter, the late Miss Virginia Lucas, brought out a small volume of her versus a short time before her sad death. Miss Lucas also painted some beautiful pictures.

Many literary people visited Judge Lucas at "Rion Hall." Among these were John Bennett and his siter, who had spent much time here in early life. Mr. Bennett will be best remembered as the author of "Master Skylark," though he has written several other books. Katherine Mayo, the lecturer and author, also visited Miss Lucas and at Colonel John T. Gibson's. She was the author of "Mother India."

In later years the noted novelist, Frank B. Stockton, came to Charles Town and bought "Claymont," former home of Bushrod Washington. The books written here were "The Captain's Tollgate" and "Kate Bonnet." Miss Lucy Bentley, formerly of Charles Town, was his secretary and stenographer. About this same time the Honorable George R. Wendling, author and lecturer, lived here several years at his home, "Maplehurst." During that time he wrote "The Man of Galilee" and "Lee, the Virginian," two of his best lectures, and the only ones published in book form. He died here and is buried in Zion Churchyard.

The well-known lecturer, Arthur Hawks, known as "Sunshine Hawks," for fifty years as a public speaker, spent his boyhood in Charles Town.

We must also mention another judge of the Supreme

Court of West Virginia, Judge Thomas Claiborne Green, who was a resident of Charles Town.

Miss Pattie Willis should be mentioned among the artists.

In the younger generation we can claim some of Charles Town parentage. Tucker Brooks, son of the late Professor St. George Brooke, of West Virginia University, is a professor at Yale, and is considered one of the outstanding Shakespearean scholars of our country. Holmes Alexander, son of Mr. Charles B. Alexander, is the author of several books and magazine articles. Alexander Porterfield, son of Mr. Charles Porterfield, was a writer of some note. John Peale Bishop, writer of both prose and poetry, was born in Charles Town.

Time will not permit a mention of all our distinguished visitors from time to time, some just for a few hours. Baron von Kettler, the German Ambassador, who later met his death at the hands of the Chinese Boxers, was here for a few hours. The Queen of Roumania passed through in a car, at an early hour in the morning, much to the disappointment of those citizens who were prepared to do her honor.

In the business world we were represented by Charles B. Rouss, the merchant prince of New York City.

Active in journalism were the Beall brothers of New York, all born here, and like many other professional and business men, educated at the old Charles Town Academy, where the graded school now stands.

One must be mentioned as a mechanical genius, Sergeant Roy W. Hooe, who was selected from all the mechanics in the United States Air Service to keep in condition the motors of the tri-motored plane, "The Question Mark," which was to break all records of endurance flight. And he was also selected by Colonel Lindbergh to keep in order his own plane, "The Spirit of St. Louis," and had the honor of dismantling it and reassembling it for the Smithsonian. Carroll Rockenbaugh, of Harpers Ferry, was also the re-fueler of "The Question Mark."

Another who deserves mention is Sergeant-Major John H. Quick, an outstanding member of the Marine Corps until his death. Hero of two wars, he was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor for gallant service in Cuba in 1898, and the Distinguished Service Cross and Navy Cross for service in

France in the World War in 1918, and for special service in the Philippines.

No doubt I have omitted many names which should have been mentioned, and from time to time others will come to mind. For these others it is my hope that their records will be written and placed in the files of the Historical Society.

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TRADERS SETTLE AT HARPERS FERRY IN 1707

In an article by Joseph E. Johnson, Philadelphia, "A Quaker Imperialist's View of the British Colonies in America: 1732," he deals fully with the part played by James Logan and his wonderful advice in trying to stabilize peaceful relations with all nearby Indian tribes; with his authorship of "The Memorial," the only known copy of which is in Benjamin Franklin's handwriting, now in the Franklin Papers in the University of Pennsylvania; gives a fully copy of "The Memorial," and writes fully upon the part Pennsylvania had in the early British versus French and Indian troubles. All his statements are fully authenticated by citations of source material.

In speaking of early fur-trading posts, he had this to say which may interest us of Jefferson county. I quote: "In 1707 traders identified with Pennsylvania made some kind of a settlement near the junction of the Shenandoah with the Potomac—nine years before Spotswood's famous ride through Swift Run Gap (Va. Magazine of History and Biography, XXIX, 1921, p. 1-17); and in 1721, the Cartledge brothers had gone up the Potomac at least as far as the site of Hancock, Maryland." (Norris Letter Book, 1716-1730, p. 294) Copied from the Pennsylvania Magazine Vol. LX, No. 2, P. 110.

The date of 1707 shows, from Pennsylvania sources of information, an even earlier date for Harpers Ferry than our own sources reveal.

NELLIE H. MOLER.

JEANNETTE AGLIONBY, LIFE MEMBER 1927-1933

Nearly a decade ago Miss Jeannette Elizabeth Aglionby passed away. When the Jefferson County Historical Society was organized, so great was her interest in the history of the county and the possible work of the Society that she asked not merely to be a charter member, but also its first life member. Thus she made a substantial contribution to the infant Society, though she was then sixty-nine years old and was so situated in the country that she could hope to attend only an occasional meeting during the remaining years of her life.

Jefferson county is often called "the land of the Washingtons," two brothers of George Washington having settled here, one before the Revolution and the other shortly after, and a nephew later acquiring land holdings here that were passed down to his descendants. It is also a "land of the Yateses," since five generations from John Yates, who came to Virginia in 1792 and inherited a large tract of land in Jefferson County from his uncle in 1809, have lived in the county. Miss Jeannette Aglionby was of the third generation, and thus she had numerous relatives among the most prominent families of the county, who have borne the names of Yates, Beall, Keyes, Henderson, Riely, Wynkoop, Lucas, Potts, Leavell, McDonald, Browse, Daniel, Ware and Terrill.

It was only by a peculiar circumstance of fate, or a provision for inheritances imposed by two old wills, that Miss Jeannette bore the name of Aglionby rather than Yates. Less than four years before her birth, her father, Charles Yates, had changed his name to Aglionby in order to meet the conditions of two inheritances in England.

His grandmother, Mary Aglionby, who married John Orfeur Yates, of Skirwith Abbey in Cumberland, had a sister, Anne Aglionby, who married Samuel Bateman, Rector of Farthingstone, by which union there was a son, Henry Aglionby Bateman. Another sister, Elizabeth, married Richard Bamber. An aunt of Mary Aglionby Yates, Sarah Aglionby, had married Richard Lowthian.

By the testamentary injunction of Mrs. Lowthian, Henry Aglionby Bateman assumed the name of Aglionby instead, and

was Henry Aglionby Aglionby, inheriting Newbiggen Hall and other estates on the death of Mrs. Lowthian in 1798 without issue. By a similar testamentary provision Francis Yates, eldest son of Mary Aglionby and John Orfeur Yates, became Francis Aglionby and inherited the estates of Nunnery, Crossfield and Rakefoot by the will of Mrs. Bamber, who died in 1822 without issue. Under the same provisions these estates passed to Henry Aglionby Aglionby on the death of Francis Aglionby without issue in 1840. On the death of Henry Aglionby Aglionby on July 31, 1854, all these estates passed to the next male in line, Charles Yates of Jefferson County, on his assumption of the name Aglionby.

John Yates, the father of Charles Yates (Aglionby after 1854), was also a child of fortune. While his father, John Orfeur Yates, had acquired considerable estates in England through prosperous adventure in India, John Yates, who was a second son, received his inheritance from his uncle, Charles Yates, who came to Fredericsburg, Virginia, in 1752 and prospered greatly as a merchant and importer. In 1792 at the age of twelve, John Yates came to America by arrangement between his uncle and father, since the uncle was advancing in years and being unmarried felt the need of an heir to live with him and eventually inherit his estates and property in Virginia. Through an unrepaid loan of a considerable sum of money to his friend Robert Rutherford a large plantation in Jefferson County became the property of the merchant Charles Yates, which at his death passed to his nephew, John Yates, the grandfather of Miss Jeannette Aglionby.

The Yates family of Virginia have adhered to the Episcopal Church and in the lineage have appeared a considerable number of rectors and many prominent vestrymen of the church, just as there were among the Yates and Aglionby ancestors in England.

Both families have been marked by a spirit of bravery and intrepidity. It took a brave heart for a lad of twelve years to leave his father in England and make the trip to America, as did John Yates when he agreed to cast his lot with his uncle in Virginia. It was this John Yates, of Walnut Grove, near Flowing Springs, who is known to succeeding generations as

the father of the free school system in Jefferson County and was credited with establishing its first public school on the Lemen Farm near Shepherdstown. A spirit of adventure was required of his father, John Orfeur Yates, to seek and acquire a fortune in India. And there was nothing short of heroic in the nature of a cousin of Miss Jeannette Aglionby, the famous John Yates Beall, who gave his life on Governor's Island for the cause of the Confederacy.

The name of Yates has borne distinction since William of Boscobel Forest helped Charles II of England escape from the Battlefield of Worcester, after he had been defeated by the Roundheads in 1651, and was generously rewarded nine years afterwards by the King when he regained his throne. And the line of Aglionbys has been an honored one from the time Walter Aglionby entered into England with William the Conqueror. From these two distinguished lines came Miss Jeannette Aglionby's nephew, Hugh Aglionby, the young English officer who rode into Palestine with General Allenby and who lies buried in Mouveaux, Nord France, having been killed three days before the Armistice in 1918. Centuries before an Aglionby had gone into Palestine as a Crusader and history repeated itself when Hugh Aglionby rode in with General Allenby.

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FROM THE AMERICAN EAGLE BY JOHN N. SNIDER, SHEPHERD'S-TOWN, THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1817.

Removal

The subscriber returns his thanks to his friends and the public generally for past favors, and solicits a continuance of the same. Having removed to the large house on the main street, next door to Mr. Thomas V. Swearingen's, and nearly opposite Mr. Jacob Craft's, he will continue to carry on his

Pottery

Orders from a distance will be thankfully received and punctually attended to, as he will continually keep on hand a large ASSORTMENT OF WARE. George Cressinger Shepherd's Town, May 15.

SOME OLD BIBLES

The Jefferson County Historical Society has planned to collect data on the old Bibles now found in the county or originally owned here. The oldest of these are an interesting study in themselves, and, when they contain personal data on marriages, births and deaths for families formed before 1800 and even up to a hundred years ago, they furnish information that may well be preserved in the vault of the Society for future students of genealogy and history.

It appears that most of the very oldest Bibles of the county were published in Germany, though it may be found later that more of the earliest Bibles here were printed in England. Only a limited number have been reported since the request for such information was made a month ago.

Old German Bibles Without Personal Records

The Martin Luther Bible of the Henkle family, now owned by Miss Mary Henkle, of Halltown, is a quaint old book with wooden board covers. However, it contained no blank pages for personal records, and a number of years ago the title page was lost. Only the memories of those who knew the book before this can be used for the statement that the book was published in 1754.

An old German Bible owned by Lewis Welshans, of Shepherdstown, also had no pages for personal data, but is of later date and has more modern covers.

The antiquity of the Henkle Bible is supported by an old book of similar makeup and with wooden board covers and 1600 pages, now owned by Miss Eliza Weirick, of Charles Town. This book was published in Germany in 1707 and owned by Jacob Weirich at Emmittsburg, Maryland, in 1818 as shown by the inscribed place and date and signature of Jacob Weirich in German script. The title page of this book is as follows:

Das grosse Leben Christi. Beschreibung des h. Lebens und Leidens unsers Herrn Jesu Christi und seiner Glorwurdigsten Mutter Maria wie auch ihrer Gros mutter Emerentiana. und ihrer h. Mutter

Anna; des h. Josephs und Joachim; und der h. Magdalena und Martha ausfuhrlich und troslich beschreiben.

Durch P. Marten von Cochem Kap. Orden, Predigern der Rheinischen Provinz cum Gratea & Privilegio Sac. Caef. Majest.

Mainz und Frankfurt. 1707.

Philip Sheetz Bible

Whether there was a date that marked the inclusion of personal data sheets in the old German Bibles, it is impossible to state from the limited number brought to the attention of the Society. However, the old German Bible of Philip Sheetz, of Shepherdstown, indicates that it was as early as 1770. This Bible has gotten out of the county and even the last of his descendants here several years ago did not know its whereabouts, but Miss Helen Pendleton, of Shepherdstown, has made a copy of the personal data, which was in German script. The data follows:

Philip Sheetz, born 1738 and died 1793.
His wife, Juliana Eckhard, was born in 1750 and died May 16, 1809.
First child, Elizabeth, born May 18th, 1770.
Second child, Margaret, born August 21st, 1771.
Third child, John Philip, born February 14th, 1774.
Fourth child, Martin, born March 30th, 1776.
Fifth child, Mary, born February 7th, 1778.
Sixth child, Philip, born October 27th, 1780.
Seventh child, Mary Elizabeth, born July 6th, 1783.
Eighth child, John Jacob, born January 20th, 1785.
Ninth child, Benjamin, born August 20th, 1788.
Tenth child, John Frederick, born August 15th, 1790.

Miss Helen Pendleton, who has made a study of the Sheetz line, has stated that John Jacob Sheetz, who was born in 1785, married Elizabeth Miller and for many years kept a hotel on the corner of Main and King Streets in Shepherdstown. His son, William Miller Sheetz, the famous gun stock maker, married Julia Ann Barnhart, and their daughters Bettie and Kate lived in the old homestead until their death within the past three years at the age of 91 and 89 respectively. A daughter of John Jacob Sheetz, Julianna Sheetz, married William Unseld and was the grandmother of the late Lawrence McChan. A second son of John Jacob Sheetz, Jacob Swegler Sheetz, married Margaret Ellen Wisenall and was the father of the late J. L. Sheetz and the late Charles Sheetz, both of

Shepherdstown, and the grandfather of Miss Louella Sheetz, the last remaining survivor of the family in Shepherdstown.

Shugart Bibles

Mrs. C. T. Shugart, of Charles Town, has an old German Bible published in Nurnberg, Germany, in 1788, that belonged to her husband, the late Theodore Shugart. A translation of the frontispiece of this book is as follows:

BIBLIA That is
The entire Holy writing of the Old and New Testaments as such by Dr. Martin Luther.
The translation into our German mother tongue was begun in the year of Christ 1522 and completed in 1534. In addition
The summaries of John Sauberti, also the voluminous and learned explanation of each chapter prepared by Dr. Solomon Glass.
Now for the first time embellished with quite new and beautiful copper cuts in addition to those printed formally, also other admissible illustrations together with a short explanation of them and related morals, as well as clear up those typographical errors which slip in on the most careful.
In this are appended not only the genealogy, and true description and biography of Martin Luther, taken from an old painting; but also at the end of the entire work, beside the chief symbol of Christ has been printed a short and useful department given up to the confession itself, copied down as it was printed in the genuine original in the year 1530 and delivered to Emperor Charles V together with an introduction by John Michael Dillherr.
With Roman—also Royal Prussian—and Churfurste of Saxony.
Printed at Nurnberg in the shop (press) of John Andrea in the year 1788.
"In Berlegung der Johann Andrea Endlerischen Handlung" MDCCLXXXVIII

The personal data in this Bible originally owned by Zachary Shugart is as follows:

I and My Wife Eve was maryed April 17th, 1785.
My son Peter was born February 15, 1787 year and died the seventeenth of February in the year 1800.
My son John was born June 15, 1783 year.
My son Zachariah was born June 5, 1790 year.
My son William was born December 22, 1792 year.
My daughter Mary was born January 31, 1795 year.
My daughter Suffiah was born July 17, 1797.
My son Jake was born September 10, 1799.
My son Hezekiah was born December 10, 1801.
My daughter Elizabeth was born June 19, 1805.
My daughter Suffiah was marryed April 30, 1815.
My daughter Mary was marryed March 31, 1816.

Zachary Shugart was born in the year of our Lord 1754, the 25th of March.

Eve Grimm was born in the year of our Lord 1762, the 10th of October.

The John Shugart born June 15, 1788, is the one who married Mary Hoffman of Shepherdstown, whose father, John Hoffman, 1760-1827, was a Revolutionary soldier. This John Shugart is the fathe rof Reason Shugart, whose family Bible was published in Philadelphia in 1842 and is now owned by Mrs. Stephen S. Dalgarn, of Charles Town.

English Bibles Before 1800

The oldest English Bibles thus far reported are those of John Dalgarn published in 1782, of John McGarry published in 1794, and of William Brown published in 1795. The Howell Bible owned by Hannah J. and Mary T. Howell, of Charles Town, is thought to have been published about 1790. The first entry in the latter is as follows: John Howell, born 1764.

Dalgarn Bible

This is an Oxford Bible published in 1782, as shown by the title page.

Printed at the Clarendon Press. By W. Jackson and A. Hamilton, Printers to the University and sold by W. Dawson at the Oxford Bible Warehouse. Paternoster Row, London. MDCCLXXXII.

The personal record in it is as follows:

John Dalgarn and Winnefred Pilcher his wife was married November the 20 day 1785.
Dillibuy Dalgarn, daughter of John Dalgarn and Winnefred his wife was born December the 8 day 1786.
———— ———— was born ———— 1788.
Nansey Dalgarn was born November the 28 1789.
Sally Dalgarn was born February the 7 day 1793.
Staphen Dalgarn was born June the forth day 1795.

This Bible is now owned by Stephen S. Dalgarn, of Charles Town. The Nansey Dalgarn mentioned in the personal record married Samuel Keyes. Sally Dalgarn married Robert Bateman, and Stephen Dalgarn married Agnes Thompson.

McGarry Bible

This Bible is leather bound, 5 inches by 3 inches and 2 inches thick, and necessarily the print is very small. The front fly leaf has the following writing: John McGarry his hand and pen feb th 7th 1802, while the back leaf has: Ann McGarrah Her book feb th 7th 1802.

It contains the Psalms in meter, and the frontispiece is as follows:

The Holy Bible containing the Old and New Testaments:—Translated out of the Original Tongues; and with the Former Translations Diligently Compared and Revised, By His Majesty's Special Command. Appointed to be Read in Churches. Edinburgh. Printed by Mark and Charles Kerr, His Majesty's Printers. MDCCXCIV.

The Bible is now owned by Miss Anna P. McGarry, of Shenandoah Junction. It had no blank pages for personal records, but these were written on sheets of paper securely attached between the Old and New Testaments.

Esther McGarry was born January 11th, 1802.
William McGarry was born March 31st, 1803.
Nancy McGarry was Born November 13th, 1805.
Margaret McGarry was born September 14th, 1807.
Mary Ann McGarry was born August 15th, 1809.
Jean McGarry was Born february 6th, 1812.
Elizabeth McGarry was born January 8th, 1813.
John McGarry was Born December 2nd, 1814.
James McGarry was Born April 24th, 1817.
Robert Lewis McGarry was born October 19th, 1818.

John James McGarry was born Novevmber 28th, 1827.
Mary An was born September 20th, 1830.
An Elizabeth was born September 27th, 1831.

William Brown Bible

William Brown was born July , 1770, in Westmoreland County, Virginia. The present owners are his great-grandchildren, the Ambler family in Charles Town. The Bible is leather bound and has the following title page:

Oxford. Printed at the Clarendon Press. By William Jackson and William Dawson, Printers to the University. And sold at the Oxford Bible Warehouse in Paternoster Row, London, 1795.

One entry of the birth of a daughter is rather quaint:

Margaret Templeman Brown was born March 29th, 1801, about twelve o'clock at night—the moon being eclipsed at that hour.

Earliest American Bibles

The earliest American Bibles were printed in Philadelphia, that of Shepherd Brown in 1798, that of James Burr in 1805, and that of William Morison in 1807.

The first of these three was printed by subscription.

Shepherd Brown Bible

This is the only Bible in the vault of the Historical Society, having been turned over by Miss Sallie Lee Powell, of Shepherdstown, who got it at the request of George Peterkin Unseld, of Salt Lake City, from his old home near Duffields. It was "printed at Philadelphia from the hot-press of John Thompson for John Thompson and Abraham Small, MDCCXCVIII." It was printed by subscription and the subscribers' names, classified according to town or city, as Philadelphia, Elizabeth Town, Frederick Town, &c, appear on the last two pages, about 600 in all. Shepherd Brown, being a subscriber, had his name printed in script at the bottom of the title page. The "FAMILY RECORDS" are rather extended:

William Brown was Born September 13 1724
Elizabeth Shepherd was Born October 3 1733
Married May 3, 1762

John Brown Born February 16 1763
Elizabeth Brown Born Dec 27 1764
Abraham Brown Born February 25 1767
Mary Brown Born September 15 1768
Sarah Brown Born September 6 1771
William Brown Born March 24 1774
Shepherd Brown Born April 16 1776
Barry W. Brown Born October 22 1777
Hannah M. Brown Born March 11 1781

William Brown Died July 24
Abraham Brown Died Nov 1768
William Brown Died May 29 1774
Shepherd Brown Died 1817
Sarah Eaty Died January 24 1845 (Friday) 3 o'clock
William Eaty Died Nov 25 1835

Elizabeth Daughter of William and Sarah Eaty was born September 25th 1797

Henry Eaty Son of William & Sarah Eaty was born Feby 23rd 1800— Died August 2 1832

Hannah Matilda Eaty was born June 15 1803 Died April 1839

Shepherd Brown Eaty was born Decr 20th 1807 Died April 2nd 1865

Abraham Shepherd Eaty was born Jany 5—1811

James Shepherd
John T. Cookus
Jacob Sheetz
Jacob Line
Daniel Entler
A. Humrickhouse
Daniel Cameron
Ann Hammond
Jno. Keplinger

I hereby certify that The persons whose names are written next to this certificate viz "James Shepherd, John T. Cookus, Jacob Sheetz, Jacob Line, Daniel Entler, A. Humrickhouse, Daniel Cameron, Ann Hammond have written their names in this sheet at Shepherdstown, Jefferson County, Virginia, this 1st day of May 1856, in order to identify the said Book and sheet with their deposition taken before me this day, under a commission issued in the case of "Sarah Greenwood et al & The City of New Orleans, issued from the second District Court of New Orleans. In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and private seal at Shepherdstown, Jefferson County, Virginia, this 1st day of May 1856

Jno Keplinger (J. P.) Seal

Births

Pereguine Greenwood son of Benjamin Greenwood and Elisabeth Greenwood was born July 22nd 1790

Elisabeth Greenwood Daughter of Wm and Sarah Eaty was born September 19th 1797

Benjamine Henry Greenwood was born October 20th 1819

James William Greenwood was born Jan 28th 1821

Sarah Ann Greenwood was born April 30th 1823

Sabastian Eaty Greenwood was born August the 10th 1825

Hanna Matilda Greenwood was born February 10th 1828

Shepherd Mcdonoh was born November 13th 1831

Deaths

Benjamin Greenwood Departed this life January 29 1833

Elisabeth Greenwood Departed this life August 25th 1853

Benjamine H. Greenwood Departed this life April 2nd 1851

Shepherd M. Greenwood Departed this life March 3rd 1847

Sabastian E. Greenwood Departed this life June the 1. 1869

Births

Thomas Henry Orndorff was born January 13th 1845

Davis Shepherd Orndorff was born January the 1st 1848

Willoughby Lemen Billmyer was born Decmbr the 31st 1857

Charles Martin Billmyer was born January the 1st 1863

Jacob Orndoff was born Febry the 18 1798

Marriages

Martin Billmyer and Sallie Ann Orndorff was Maried by the Revd John H Kehler Shepherds Virginia October the 7th A. D. 1856

Deaths

Thomas Henry Orndorff Departed this life November the 14th 1852

Charles Martin Billmyer Departed this life September the 25th 1863 aged 8 month and 25 days
Jacob Orndoff Departed this life May 18 1852

John Geo Unseld. B—1784—D June 16, 1847 (Son of Jno Unseld and Mary Haines)
Susanna Eaty. B. Dec. 20, 1807.. D—Apr. 2. 1865. were married by Rev. M. Alex. Jones Dec. 11 1832
Children of Jno Geo Unseld and Susanna Eaty.
Henry Eaty Unseld (son of above) B. Oct 9 1833 D Oct 14 1863
Geo Muntz Unseld B Mar. 21 1836 D May , 1837
John. Geo. Unseld B. Mar 17 1838
Benjiman Collins Unseld B. Oct. 18, 1843
Taken from another record Oct 18 1904 G P U
John. Geo. Unseld II B Mar. 17. 1838
Emma Jane Ronemous B Sep. 13, 1852 were married by Rev. D. M. Moser Feb. 3. 1881
Geo. Peterkin Unseld, son of Jno. Geo. and Emma Unseld
G. P. U.
Benjamin Collins Unseld. B Oct. 18, 1843
Sarah Helen Richard were married by Rev. D. M. Moser

The Burr Bible

James Burr, born April 2, 1776, was the owner of a family Bible published in 1805. He was the son of Peter Burr, who came from Massachusetts and in 1751 built a house which is still standing a short distance east of Bardane. The Bible is now owned by James Burr's grandson, Milton Burr and his sister, of Bardane. The frontispiece of the Bible is as follows:

The Old Testament Translated out of The Original Hebrew and with the former Translations diligently compared and revised Together with the Apocrypha Done by the special command of His Majesty King James I of England Philadelphia, Pa. Printed and published by Matthew Carey, No. 122 Market Street December 12, 1805.

The family record therein is as follows:

Marriages

Peter Burr and Jane Calhoun were married February 17th A. D. 1775.

A list of the names and Ages of Peter Burr Jr. and his Family
Peter Burr was Born October 21st A. D. 1727.
Mary Burr his wife was born August 17th A. D. 1730.
Mary Burr Daughter of Peter and Mary his wife was born October 20th 1756
Abigail Burr Daughter of Peter and Mary his wife was born September 16th A. D. 1758

Sarah Burr Daughter of Peter and Mary his wife was born May 15th 1761 A. D.

Miriam Burr Daughter of Peter and Mary his wife was born May 25th A. D. 1763.

Jane Burr Daughter of Peter and Mary his wife was born March 29th A. D. 1765

Peter Burr Son of Peter and Mary his wife was born Aug. 4th A. D. 1767

Hannah Burr Daughter of Peter and Mary his wife was born Feb. 8th A. D. 1772

James Burr Son of Peter and Jane his wife was born Apr. 2nd A. D. 1776

Elizabeth Burr Daughter of Peter Burr and Jane his wife was born July 16th A. D. 1777.

Moses Burr Son of Peter and Jane his wife was born December 16th A. D. 1778

Ann Burr Daughter of Peter and Jane his wife was born December 28th A. D. 1780

William Burr Son of Peter and Jane his wife was Born Jan. 22nd 1783 A. D.

Esther Burr Daughter of Peter and Jane his wife was born July 31st 1785.

FAMILY RECORD

Births

James Burr was born April the 2nd, 1776

Nancy Burr, wife of James Burr was born April the 7th 1781

Edmond Burr son of James Burr and Nancy was born December the 23' 1799—

James Burr son of James Burr and Nancy was born May the 27th 1802

John Burr son of James Burr and Nancy was born July the 26, 1805

Moses William Son of James Burr and Nancy his wife was born February 8th A. D. 1819.

Nancy Jane Daughter of James and Nancy Burr his wife was born September 23 1821

Deaths

Edmund Burr son of Edmund and Polly his wife was born the forth day of February—1828—

John Burr, son of James and Nancy Burr died November 5, 1822

Nancy Burr wife of James Burr sen. departed this life June 23rd 1847 aged 66 years, 2 months and 16 days

James Burr, Sen. departed this Life November the 3rd 1848. Aged 72 years six months and 1 day.

Morison Bible

William Pierre Morison, of Tyrone, Pa., who was reared at Shenandoah Junction, now owns the Bible of his great grandparents, William Morison and Abagail Buckles Morison, who lived in the old Buckles homestead about one mile south of Shepherdstown. Abagail Buckles first married a Chipley and was widowed. The parents of William Morison first set-

tled in Emmitsburg, Maryland and late rmoved to this section of Virginia. The Daniel Buckles Morison mentioned in the Bible was an elder in the Shepherdstown Presbyterian Church, and the grandfather of William Pierre Morison, of Dr. George Porterfield Morison, who was the father of Dr. G. P. Morison, of Charles Town, and of John Turner Morison, who was the father of Guy T. Morison, of Shepherdstown.

The Bible was "published and printed by Mathew Carey, No. 122 Market Street, Philadelphia, 1807" and the personal data includes the following:

James Morison, father of William, died 1792, and wife Mary, died 1806.

William, their son, was born 1770, died 1836. Married Abagail Buckles Chipley, born 1778, died 1836.

Children: Mary Morison, died 1806; Martha Ann Morison, died 1826; James Morison, died 1828; William Buckles Morison, died 1865; Daniel Buckles Morison, died 1864; Hannah Morison, born 1810.

Rickard Bible

Mention has been made of personal data recorded on sheets inserted in the McGarry Bible. A variation of this scheme is found in the family Bible of Elijah and Elizabeth Levick Rickard, published in Philadelphia by McCarty & Davis and printed by I. Ashmead & Co., in 1830, and now owned by Miss Elisabeth Spohn, of Shepherdstown, a great granddaughter. There were several blank pages for the family record, but for some reason the owner preferred to record the personal data on sheets attached to these pages.

Births

Elisabeth Levick Rickard was born 1798
Elijah Rickard was born March 27th 1795

Deaths

Elisabeth Rickard Died Sept. 10th, '62
Elijah Rickard Died June 11th 1879

Children of Elijah and Elisabeth Rickard

Elisabeth Ann Rickard, born Sept. 17, 1819, died June 24, 1900. Married Van Harp, Sept. 23, 1840.

William Rickard, born April 1, 1823, died Feb. 13, 1825.

John Leland Rickard, born Sept. 26, 1825, died Octo. 20, 1905.

James Richard Rickard, born Feb. 21, 1828, died Aug. 26, 1909.

Mary Ellen Rickard, born Mar. 16, 1830, died Feb. 17, 1888.

Virginia Rickard, born Mar. 5, 1832, died Feb. 12, 1834.

Maria Adeline Rickard, born Dec. 22, 1834, died Oct. 22, 1920.

Thomas VanSwearingen Rickard, born July 7, 1836, died July 19, 1854.

Children of John Leland Rickard

Julia Elisabeth Rickard, born Aug. 8, 1853, died Apr. 7, 1940. Married Benj. Strother Pendleton, born Mar. 28, 1842, died Jan. 19, 1931.

Sallie Helen Rickard, born Apr. 22, 1856, died Nov. 21, 1936. Married Benjamin Carl Unseld.

Thomas Levick Rickard, born June 5, 1858, died Oct. 10. 1936. Married Elizabeth Schindel Miller.

Fannie Rickard, born Apr. 13, 1860, died Aug. 25, 1860.

Harry Lee Rickard, born Sept. 2, 1861, died July 4, 1863.

Eugenia May Rickard, born Dec. 11, 1866, died July 17, 1867.

Ella Bittle Rickard, born August 3, 1868, died Sept. 10, 1933. Married David Frank Miller.

Ernest Miller Rickard, born Aug. 6, 1870, died Dec. 8, 1870.

The James Richard Rickard born February 21, 1828 was the famous lock maker of Shepherdstown.

Several Generations Recorded

A number of family Bibles have the family records carefully recorded up to as many as seven generations, but usually the writing is not done in more than four "hands," the last owner having recorded his or her children and grandchildren. Examples of these are the Samuel Brantner, Van Harp and George Licklider Bibles.

Licklider Bible

The George Licklider Bible, published by Langdon Coffin, Boston, 1831, and now owned by his great grandson, William C. Link, of Shepherdstown, has the following detailed record:

Marriages

George Licklider to Jane Melvin 12th November 1829.
William Cruzen Link and Emma Kate Keesecker, December 22, 1886.
Helen Elizabeth Link & John William Link, June 11, 1913.
Mary Virginia Link & Armistead Shepherd Lucas, October 17, 1917.

Births

Jane Melvin, wife of George Licklider, was born on the 20th of March 1804.

George Licklider born January 17th 1804.
David Licklider born April 3rd 1833.
Elizabeth Melvin Licklider born August 7th 1834.
John Conrad Licklider born October 20, 1835.
George William Licklider born December 9th 1838.
Sarah Margaret Licklider born February 15th 1841.
Mary Jane Licklider born October 11, 1847.

Helen Elizabeth Link born Oct. 9, 1887.
Mary Virginia Link born Jan. 6, 1889.
John William Link, Jr., born February 25, 1914, son of John and Helen Link.
Elizabeth Melvin Link, daughter of John and Helen Link, born May 25, 1917.
Robert Armistead Lucas, son of Armistead and Mary Lucas, born Nov. 4, 1919.
Arthur Stanley Link, son of John and Helen Link, born Aug. 8, 1920.
Elinor Louise Link, daughter of John and Helen Link, born Feb. 28, 1923.

Deaths

David Licklider departed this life April 3, 1833.
Jane Licklider departed this life 19th December 1870.
Mary J. Licklider departed this life on 25th September 1873.
Saraah M. Staley, daughter of G. Licklider, departed this life March 12th. 1877, in the 37th year of her age.
David Hoofman died May 17th, 1888, aged 81.
George Licklider departed this life Nov. 2, 1892 in the 88th year of his life.
Mrs. Martha J. Moler died September 22nd, 1900 aged 44 years 1 mo. & 20 days.
John Conrad Licklider died October 2nd, 1904 Age 69.
George William Licklider died February 6, 1905. Age 66 yrs.
Elizabeth Melvin Licklider Link, wife of Adam Cruzen Link Died February 14, 1908 Age 73 yrs. 6 mo. 7 days.

Brantner Bible

Mrs. Victor Osbourn, of Shenandoah Junction, owns the Samuel Brantner Family Bible, which was published in 1823 in New York by Daniel A. Smith. It is illustrated by steel engravings drawn by Richard Westall, R. A., Engravings by Wright and Smith. The personal data is as follows:

Births

Samuel Brantner was born in the year 1800.
Elizabeth P. Engle was born July 15th A. D. 1804.
Thomas Davies Brantner was born July 8th A. D. 1825.
George Warren Brantner was born April 4th 1827.
Nancy E. Engle was born May 24th 1806.
Mary Ann Engle was born August 6th 1802.
Blanch A. Brantner was born Nov. 1st A. D. 1830.
Thomas Link Brantner was born Nov. 10th 1851.
Charles William Brantner was born March 19th A. D. 1854.
Daniel Hendricks Brantner was born December 30th A. D. 1855.
Samuel Tobias Brantner was born October the 23rd A. D. 1857.
George Wells Brantner was born Sept 21st A. D. 1859.
Edgar Allen Brantner was born December 4th A. D. 1861.
Lillie May Brantner was born May 20th A. D. 1866.
Minnie Ethelda Brantner was born Augt 28th A. D. 1868.
Bessie Estelle Brantner was born June 26th A. D. 1870.

Harry Alexander Brantner was born April 5th A. D. 1872.
Carrie Belle Brantner born June 26th A. D. 1873.
Mary Ruth Brantner born October 24th A. D. 1876.

Marriages

Samuel Brantner and Elizabeth P. Engle was married July 4th A. D. 1824.

George W. Brantner and Blanche A. Hendricks was married April 10th A. D. 1851.

Charles W. Brantner and Mary E. Maddox was married on the 21th of December A. D. 1876.

Deaths

Michael Engle Departed this life on Monday the 30th of March A. D. 1829. Aged 48 years 27 days.

Samuel Brantner Departed this life on Friday the 8th of May A. D. 1829 in the 29th year of his age.

Philip Engle senior departed this life on Saturday the 21th of November A. D. 1829, Aged 87 years 1 month and 12 days. He was the Father of 18 children, the Grand-Father of 75 and the Great Grand Father of 45.

Elizabeth Engle, widow of Michael Engle departed this life on Sunday the 19th of December A. D. 1830, being aged fifty one years Two months and seven days.

Thomas D. Brantner departed this life on the 30th day of August A. D. 1832 being aged 7 years 1 month and 22 days.

Enos Engle departed this life the 18th day of January A. D. 1833 aged 23 years 2 months and 23 days.

Nancy E. Engle departed this life on the 8th day of March 1824, aged seventeen years, 9 months & 15 days.

Mary Ann Engle departed this life the 31th day of July A. D. 1819, aged 16 years, 11 month & 24 days.

Edgar Allen Brantner departed this life August 18th 1863 aged 1 year eight months and fourteen days.

George Wells Brantner departed this life Nov. 3rd 1871 aged 12 years 1 month and 13 days.

Harp Bible

Inscribed on the front page of a Bible now in the possession of Miss Elisabeth Spohn, of Shepherdstown, is the name of her grandfather: Van Harp Shepherdstown Jefferson County Virginia. This was published in 1851 at Rochester by Wanzer, Beardsley & Co. It contained a detailed record of four generations, as follows:

Marriages

Van Harp was married to Elisabeth Ann Rickard on the 23rd day of September 1840.

Mary F. Harp was married to Charles A. Licklider, Oct. 29th, 1873.

Bettie E. Harp was married to Marvin E. Spohn, April 12, 1883.

Ada M. Harp was married to Chas. D. Keplinger, April 24, 1884.

Templin R. Licklider was married to Grace Jones, Oct. 4th, 1910

Born to them—Templin Rickard Jr., July 7, '11. Mary Elisabeth, Nov. 6, 1915. Heath, Nov. 16, 1917.

Charles Robert Keplinger was married to Cecilia L. Mitchell, July 15, 1921. He married Evelyn Ours, Dec. 28, 1931.

Mary E. Licklider was married to Henry Kelker Moffitt, Dec. 28, 1940.

Births

Ellen Harp was born April 18th, 1788.
Elijah Rickard was born March 27th, 1795.
Elisabeth Levick Rickard was born, 1798.
Van Harp was born October 26th, 1817.
Elisabeth Ann Harp was born September 17th, 1819.
Josephine Augusta Harp was born April 19th, 1842.
Van Richard Harp was born April 13th, 1844.
John William Harp was born February 26th, 1846.
James Thomas Harp was born March 18th, 1850.
Mary Florence Harp was born April 19th, 1852.
Betty Ellen Harp was born March 9th, 1857.
Robert Elizah Nixon Harp was born May 23rd, 1862.
Albert Harp Licklider was born Sept. 29th, 1874.
Templin Rickard Licklider was born October 25th, 1877.
Richard Leland Spohn was born March 26, 1884.
Elisabeth Levick Spohn was born Nov. 4, 1887.
Florence Wingard Spohn was born March 27, 1890.
Chas. Robt. Keplinger was born July 1, 1892.

Deaths

Josephine Augusta Harp died October 26th, 1845.
Ellen Harp died May 14th, 1859.
Elisabeth Rickard died September 10th, '62.
Van R. Harp died Jan. 21st, 1867.
Van Harp died February 3rd, 1867.
Elijah Rickard died June 11th, 1879.
James Thomas Harp died Dec. 29, 1887.
Robert E. N. Harp died June 9, 1888.
Mary Florence Harp Licklider died Jan. 8, 1890.
Florence Wingard Spohn died Nov. 7, 1891.
Elisabeth Ann Harp died June 24, 1900.
Jno. W. Harp died October 5, 1923.
Maria Adaline Keplinger died Feb. 27, 1930.
Bettie Ellen Spohn died Nov. 16, 1937.

Owners of Several Ancestral Bibles

In the preceding records it is found that Miss Elisabeth Spohn owns the 1830 Elijah Rickard Bible and the 1851 Van Harp Bible, Van Harp being the son-in-law of Elijah Rickard.

Three family Bibles are in the possession of William C. Link, an account of the Bible of George Licklider, his great grandfather, having already been given. He also has the Bible of his father, Adam C. Link, and that of Benjamin Melvin.

Benjamin Melvin Bible

This was published in 1813 by M. Carey, Philadelphia. The personal record in it is as follows:

Marriages

Benjamin Melvin and Catharine Miller married January 26th, 1804.

Births

Benjamin Melvin, July 26, 1778.
Catharine Melvin, March 11, 1779.

Deaths

Catherine Miller Melvin departed this life May 9, 1831.
Benjamin Melvin departed this life July 11, 1842.

Thus it appears that this family Bible began and ended with Benjamin and Catharine Miller Melvin, and it is doubtful whether another family Bible can be found containing the record of only two names.

Adam Link Bible

This was published by T. K. Collins, Jr., Philadelphia, 1853, and contains the following records:

Marriages

Adam C. Link to Elizabeth M. Licklider, Sept. 14th, 1854.
Jacob Swagler Moler to Martha Jane Link, January 16th, 1879.
George C. Link to Katie L. Hendricks, 17th August, 1880.
William C. Link to Emma Kate Keesecker, December 22, 1886.

Births

Adam C. Link, November 30th, 1832.
Elizabeth M. Licklider, August 7th, 1834.
Martha Jane Link, October 13th, 1855.
George Conrad Link, March 10th, 1858.
William Cruzen Link, August 15th, 1861.
Albert Tanner Moler, October 18th, 1877.
Ada Link Moler, November 1, 1881.
Edna Tanner Link, December 7, 1885.
Helen Elizabeth Link, October 9, 1887.
Mary Virginia Link, January 6th, 1889.

Deaths

Adam Cruzen Link, March 28th, 1862.
Martha Jane Moler, September 23rd, 1900.

Confirmations in Huyett Family Bible

It may be noted all of the five children of Henry and Sarah Huyett lived to old age, and that four of the five died during the year 1927, and two of them on the same day. Of

particular interest in this Bible is the record of confirmations. It was published by Parsons & Preston, Baltimore, Maryland, 1844. Probably bought by Henry Huyett soon after he married his cousin Sarah Huyett, on December 22, 1846. Now owned by his grandson, J. Burns Huyett, of Charles Town. Henry Huyett born Jan. 20, 1821. Wife, Sarah, born Jan. 10, 1827. Father, John Huyett, born Nov. 3, 1785. Mother, Elizabeth Huyett, born Mar. 23, 1794.

CONFIRMATIONS

Henry Huyett confirmed Nov. 1, 1840, by Rev. Theopolus Stork.
Sarah Huyett June 4, 1848, by Rev. Ebenezer G. Stockton.
Daughter, Alice on May 23, 1869, by the Rev. W. T. McClanahan.
Daughter, Mary, on Oct. 29, 1879, by the Rev. George A. Long.

CHILDREN

	Birth	Death
Alice Tekora Huyett,	Apr. 28, 1849	1940
Luther Randolph Huyett,	May 10, 1851	March 24 1927
Mary Elizabeth Huyett,	Mar. 20, 1854	Jan. 16 1927
John Henry Stork Huyett,	July 21, 1851	March 24 1927
Calvin Buregard Huyett,	Jan. 11, 1861	Dec. 12 1927

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VIRGINIA FREE PRESS AND FARMERS' REPOSITORY

July 28, 1853

Teacher Wanted

I wish to employ a Teacher for the Free School, in District No. 20. Salary $300. The Teacher will receive in addition, a private subscription made up by the patrons. Immediate applications are requested.

W. C. Worthington.
Comm'r District No. 20.

July 7, 1853

A Teacher Wanted

In District No. 13. One well qualified and acceptable to the patrons of the Free School will receive an additional compensation of $50 or $75.

June 9, 1853. J. S. Williams, Comm.

A Teacher Wanted

A Teacher is required for the common school in District No. 12. To a competent and faithful Teacher,—beside the regular salary of $275 a year,—a liberal addition will be paid.

Thomas W. Keyes, Com'r.

Rippon, Va., April 28, 1853.